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## Tooheys Pty Ltd 29 Nyrang Street Lidcombe NSW 2141

Project 71021.14 1 November 2019 R.001.Rev0 KP:jl

Attention: Paul Kiely

Email: paul.kiely@lionco.com

## August / September 2019 Groundwater Monitoring Round 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe

## 1. Introduction

This letter report by Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (DP) provides the laboratory results and a brief discussion of the August / September 2019 round of groundwater monitoring at the Tooheys Brewery site at 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe.

The objectives of the groundwater monitoring programme are to assess whether any groundwater contamination identified on site in 2006 is migrating off site and to address the conditions of approval for groundwater monitoring set by the NSW Department of Planning as part of the approval for the upgrade and continued operation of the site under Part 3A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

As stated in DP's report *First Round of 2011 Groundwater Monitoring, Tooheys Brewery – 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe,* 7 June 2011, ref: 71021.03, a Phase 1 contamination assessment was conducted by DP in 2006. The results of the soil sampling and analysis conducted by DP in November and December 2006 indicated elevated total recoverable hydrocarbon (TRH) concentrations in samples collected from boreholes adjacent to the fuel underground storage tanks (USTs) for the former boiler (the former boiler USTs). Elevated TPH and toluene concentrations were detected in groundwater samples collected from the well adjacent to the former boiler USTs (BH6C). Elevated concentrations of TPH were also detected in the groundwater samples collected from the well adjacent to the refuelling USTs (BH1).

Four additional groundwater wells were installed at the boundary of the site in order to determine whether the identified contamination was migrating off site (DP report on *Field Investigation Phase 1 Contamination Assessment, 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe,* March 2007, ref: 44359). Further rounds of groundwater monitoring have been undertaken by DP as follows:

- Groundwater Monitoring Report, 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, January 2010, ref: 71021.00;
- Groundwater Monitoring Report, 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, January 2011 ref: 71021.01;



Integrated Practical Solutions



- First Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, June 2011 ref: 71021.03;
- Second Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, November 2011 ref: 71021.03;
- *First Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery* 29 *Nyrang Street, Lidcombe,* June 2012 ref: 71021.06;
- Second Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, October 2012 ref: 71021.06;
- First Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, May 2013 ref: 71021.07;
- Second Round of Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, November 2013 ref: 71021.07;
- 2014 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, July 2014 ref: 71021.08;
- 2015 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, December 2015 ref: 71021.10;
- January 2016 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, February 2016 ref: 71021.10;
- January / February 2017 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 6 March 2017 ref: 71021.11.R.001.Rev0;
- March 2017 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 13 April 2017 ref: 71021.11.R.002.Rev;
- August 2017 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 15 September 2017 ref: 71021.12.R001.Rev0;
- November 2017 Groundwater Monitoring, Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 1 December 2017 ref: 71021.12.R.002.Rev0;
- August 2018 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 12 September 2018 ref: 71021.13.R.001.Rev0; and
- November 2018 Groundwater Monitoring Tooheys Brewery 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, 12 December 2018 ref: 71021.13.R.002.Rev0.

## 2. Site Information

The brewery is located at 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe, within the Local Government Area of Cumberland and comprises a roughly rectangular area of approximately 6.2 hectares (ha). The site is contained within Lot 10 DP 1008367. It is Zoned 4(a) Industrial Enterprise and is surrounded by industrial sites to the north, west and south and a residential area to the east.

Haslams Creek is located to the immediate west of the site and flows in approximately a northerly direction. To the north of the site the creek bends to the east and flows to the northeast and discharges into Homebush Bay located approximately 3.5 km downstream from the brewery. The portion of Haslams Creek adjacent to the brewery is a concrete lined stormwater channel.

The site is used for the production and storage of Tooheys beer, which is transported and distributed by trucks to various outlets. The majority of the site is occupied by large warehouse structures and large fermentation, maturation and storage tanks/silos. A site drawing and borehole location plan are presented in Drawing 1, attached.

Six decommissioned USTs were located along the northern boundary of the utility building. The USTs are reported to have been emptied 18 years ago when the boilers were converted to natural gas. It was reported by ARUP that in September 2008, Tooheys decommissioned the six former boiler USTs *in situ*, which involved removal of the residual water/fuel mix inside the tanks and foam filling.

A further three USTs were located on the north eastern boundary of the site which were formerly used for the storage of petrol or diesel for on-site vehicle refuelling. A concrete plinth and awning structure indicated that a bowser was also located nearby. Monitoring Wells BH1 and BH2 are located to the east and west of the UST and petrol bowser respectively. It was reported that the former refuelling UST were decommissioned *in situ* by being sand filled and capped approximately 20 years ago.

DP prepared a remediation action plan (RAP) for the removal and validation of the above three USTs on the north-east boundary. The RAP was entitled *Remediation Action Plan, 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe,* October 2011, ref 71021.02 Revision 2. The subsequent remediation and validation for the underground petroleum storage system (UPSS) in this area was undertaken shortly after the completion of the second round of groundwater monitoring for 2011 carried out on 21 October 2011. The procedure and results of the remediation and validation of the UPSS in the north eastern boundary area were reported separately in, *UPSS Validation Assessment, Tooheys Brewery, 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe,* project reference 71021.04, dated February 2012. The successful validation was subject to a Site Audit undertaken by ENVIRON Australia Pty Ltd.

## 3. Groundwater Default Guideline Values

Groundwater default guideline values (DGV) have been sourced from the ANZG Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (2018) default guideline values for toxicants in fresh waters for the protection of 95% of species. It is noted that the groundwater investigation levels (GIL) for groundwater monitoring rounds prior to the August 2018 were sourced from the ANZECC Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (2000), trigger values for toxicants in fresh waters for the protection of 95% of species.

It is noted that as of 29 August 2018, the *Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality* (ANZG, 2018) revoked the documents listed below:

• The Australian Water Quality Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Waters (ANZECC, November 1992); and



The Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZECC and ARMCANZ, October 2000).

Previously, in the absence of ANZECC (2000) criteria for TRH, the laboratory limits of reporting were adopted as the screening criteria as nominated for the auditor-approved RAP GILs. In order to be consistent with the adopted modified values and with the EPL, the laboratory limits of reporting for TRH have continued to be used. It is noted also that the DGV values for TRH are more stringent to those adopted in earlier groundwater monitoring rounds (pre November 2011).

The current adopted DGV are given in Table 1 for the contaminants of concern.

	Adopted Criteria	
Contaminant	(DGV)	Source
	μg/L	
Metals		
Arsenic (V)	13.0	
Cadmium	2.4	ANZG (2018) Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and
Chromium (III)	33.1	Marine Water Quality for the protection of 95% of freshwater species.
Copper	1.4	
Lead	121.1	The threshold levels have been adjusted for extremely hard water
Mercury	0.6	(500 mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /L) in accordance with the guidelines.
Nickel	120.2	
Zinc	87.4	
TRH		
$C_6 - C_9$	10	Screening DGV (at limit of reporting) – require further investigation if
>C9	250	exceeded.
>C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub>	50	
		ANZG (2018) Australian Water Quality Guidelines for the protection
BTEX		of 95% of freshwater species.
Benzene	950	
Toluene	180	Reliability of DGV for toluene and ethylbenzene is unknown.
Ethylbenzene	80	
Xylene	550	DGV for xylene is the sum of o-xylene and p-xylene default guideline values.

### Table 1: Groundwater Default Guideline Values (DGV) and Rationale

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## 4. Groundwater Monitoring Methodology and Field Observations

## 4.1 Identification of Wells

The locations of the six existing wells labelled BH1, BH2, BH7, BH8, BH9 and BH10 along the western and northern boundaries of the site are presented in the attached Drawing 1.

## 4.2 Frequency of Sampling

The groundwater monitoring wells BH1, BH2, BH7, BH8, BH9 and BH10 have now been sampled once in 2015, 2016, four times in 2017, twice in 2018 and once in 2019. A second 2019 round is scheduled in November. Prior and up to 2013, monitoring was conducted twice a year on a sixmonthly interval during April and October and then as of 2014 has been once a year. The reduction in the monitoring frequency was due to previous results being within the DGVs and an understanding that no further rounds of monitoring were required as of 2014. However, Tooheys has requested the continued monitoring until such time as their licencing conditions are changed.

## 4.3 Well Development

Prior to collecting groundwater samples, each well was fully developed on 1 September 2019 using a submersible 12V pump in order to remove stagnant water and to provide good hydraulic connectivity to the local groundwater system. The exception was monitoring well BH7 that was developed with a peristaltic pump as the submersible 12V pump was unable to be lowered beyond a bend in the pipe.

Well development was achieved by the removal of a minimum of three well volumes of water or until the well was dry, whichever was the lesser. Monitoring wells BH7, BH9 and BH10 became dry during development. All wells were left to equilibrate to the groundwater over a one day period.

## 4.4 Collection of Groundwater Samples

The collection of groundwater samples from each of the six monitoring wells was carried out in accordance with the methodology as set out in the DP *Field Procedures Manual*. Groundwater sampling was undertaken on 2 September 2019 by a DP Environmental Engineer using a low flow peristaltic pump. Samples were taken from near the middle of the screened section, being close to the middle of the water column. The sampling programme included 10% field replicates for QA/QC purposes. A trip spike and blank were also taken to site and tested for BTEX.

The samples were collected after stable readings were obtained for pH, conductivity, temperature and dissolved oxygen. Samples were carefully pumped into laboratory prepared sample containers including hydrochloric acid preserved BTEX vials. The groundwater samples collected for heavy metal testing were filtered in the field using a 45  $\mu$ m filter. Completed field sheets are attached to this report.

No phase separated hydrocarbons (PSH) were noted in the groundwater collected in all wells sampled in this monitoring round.

Sample containers were labelled and stored in the field and transported in an esky cooled with ice and later stored in a fridge at the office or laboratory. The samples were delivered to a NATA accredited laboratory, EnviroLab Services (ELS), together with chain-of-custody records.

## 4.5 Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC)

QA / QC sampling and analysis included the analysis of one replicate sample and one trip blank and trip spike for each groundwater monitoring event in the monitoring programme.

An intra-laboratory replicate analysis was conducted as a check of the reproducibility of results and as a measure of consistency of sampling techniques.

The comparative results of analysis between original and intra-laboratory replicate sample are summarised in Table 2.

Well	Analyte	BH2	BD1/20190902	Difference	RPD (%)
	As	<1	<1	0	0
	Cd	0.2	0.2	0	0
<u>v</u>	Cr	<1	<1	0	0
Heavy Metals	Cu	2	2	0	0
leavy	Pb	<1	<1	0	0
Т	Hg	<0.05	<0.05	0	0
	Ni	4	4	0	0
	Zn	16	19	3	17
	C6-C9	<10	<10	0	0
TRH	C10-C36	<250	<250	0	0
	>C10-C16	<50	<50	0	0
B	enzene	<1	<1	0	0
1	Foluene	<1	<1	0	0
Ethy	/l-Benzene	<1	<1	0	0
Tot	tal Xylene	<3	<3	0	0

## Table 2: RPD Results – Intra-laboratory Results

\*BD1/20190902 = Blind replicate sample of BH2

The calculated RPD were all within the acceptable range of  $\pm$  30 for inorganic analytes and  $\pm$  50% for organics. Therefore, the intra-laboratory replicate comparison indicates that the sampling technique was generally consistent and repeatable and the laboratory sampling handling and analytical methods are comparable.

A trip spike and trip blank were also analysed and the results indicated that appropriate transport and handling techniques were adopted.

## 4.6 Laboratory Analysis

The groundwater samples (including QA / QC samples) were sent for the following analysis at a NATA accredited laboratory:

- Heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc); and
- TRH and BTEX.

Table 3 shows the analytical scheme for the groundwater samples.

Sample ID	Heavy Metals	TRH	BTEX
BH1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
BD1/20190902*	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
Spike / Blank			✓

 Table 3: Analytical Scheme for Groundwater Samples

\*BD2/20190902 = Blind duplicate sample of BH2

## 5. Results

## 5.1 Field Testing Results

Piezometric levels were measured prior to development and prior to sampling from the groundwater wells. The measured levels are summarised in Table 4. The groundwater flow direction is shown to be in a north-westerly direction, with the location of BH2 being hydraulically down-gradient from the former location of the UPSS near the north eastern boundary of the property. It is noted that groundwater levels are transient and change over time due to climatic, anthropogenic and other influences.

### **Table 4: Piezometric Levels**

		Date					
Monitoring Well	m AHD (surface)		14/11/2018 (well development)		/2018 er sampling)		
		m bgl	m AHD	m bgl	m AHD		
1	6.46	2.65	3.81	2.65	3.81		
2	6.25	2.95	3.3	2.8	3.45		
7	6.38	3.7	2.68	4.65	1.73		
8	6.50	4.65	1.85	4.7	1.8		
9	6.00	4.2	1.8	4.2	1.8		
10	5.12	3.5	1.62	3.5	1.62		

m bgl: metres below ground level m AHD: level in metres above Australian Height Datum

The water level appeared to have recovered to the equilibrium level or close to the equilibrium level after development in each of the wells.

Groundwater samples were noted to be clear. Samples were taken after stable readings were obtained for pH, conductivity, temperature and dissolved oxygen as presented in Table 5.

Monitoring Well	Dissolved Oxygen (% saturation)	Conductivity (µS/cm)	рН	Redox (mV)	Temperature (°C)
1	18.4	1844	6.75	-32	20.2
2	16.4	12.15	6.68	6	21.1
7	-	-	-	-	-
8	24.5	11.5	6.03	-15	24.5
9	11.6	12.25	6.48	-16	21.3
10	48.9	4.39	7.14	3	20.2

Table 5: Groundwater Readings Prior to Sampling

## 5.2 Analytical Results

Tables 6 to 14 attached provide the results of groundwater testing in July 2014, October 2015, January 2016, January, March, August and November 2017, August 2018 and November 2018 for reference purposes. The laboratory results of the current groundwater samples plus the QA/QC results are summarised in the attached Table 14. The laboratory test results certificates and chain-of-custody information are attached.

## 6. Discussion

Concentrations of TRH and BTEX were reported below the laboratory limits of reporting for all monitoring wells sampled during this round of sampling.

Concentrations of heavy metals were reported either below their respective laboratory limits of reporting or DGV in all six samples during this monitoring round with the exception of arsenic, copper and zinc. Arsenic was recorded in monitoring well BH7 (42  $\mu$ g/L) exceeding the DGV of 13  $\mu$ g/L. Copper was recorded in wells BH1 (2  $\mu$ g/L), BH2 (2  $\mu$ g/L), BH8 (8  $\mu$ g/L), BH9 (2  $\mu$ g/L) and BH10 (2  $\mu$ g/L) exceeding the DGV of 1.4  $\mu$ g/L.

## 7. Conclusion

Based on the current round of groundwater monitoring at the site, the laboratory results indicate that the groundwater is not significantly impacted by petroleum hydrocarbon contamination at the monitored locations.

The results are generally consistent with the previous monitoring rounds. Based on the current results, it is considered that the concentration of TRH in groundwater is not increasing (i.e., non-detectable in the current round).

### 8. Limitations

Douglas Partners Pty Ltd (DP) has prepared this report for this project at 29 Nyrang Street, Lidcombe in accordance with DP's proposal (SYD180718) dated 16 July 2018 and acceptance received from Mr Paul Kiely of Tooheys Pty Ltd. The work was carried out under DP's Conditions of Engagement. This report is provided for the exclusive use of Tooheys Pty Ltd for this project only and for the purposes as described in the report. It should not be used by or relied upon for other projects or purposes on the same or other site or by a third party. Any party so relying upon this report beyond its exclusive use and purpose as stated above, and without the express written consent of DP, does so entirely at its own risk and without recourse to DP for any loss or damage. In preparing this report DP has necessarily relied upon information provided by the client and/or their agents.



The results provided in the report are indicative of the sub-surface conditions on the site only at the specific sampling and/or testing locations, and then only to the depths investigated and at the time the work was carried out. Sub-surface conditions can change abruptly due to variable geological processes and also as a result of human influences. Such changes may occur after DP's field testing has been completed.

DP's advice is based upon the conditions encountered during this investigation. The accuracy of the advice provided by DP in this report may be affected by undetected variations in ground conditions across the site between and beyond the sampling and/or testing locations. The advice may also be limited by budget constraints imposed by others or by site accessibility.

This report must be read in conjunction with all of the attached and should be kept in its entirety without separation of individual pages or sections. DP cannot be held responsible for interpretations or conclusions made by others unless they are supported by an expressed statement, interpretation, outcome or conclusion stated in this report.

This report, or sections from this report, should not be used as part of a specification for a project, without review and agreement by DP. This is because this report has been written as advice and opinion rather than instructions for construction.

The contents of this report do not constitute formal design components such as are required, by the Health and Safety Legislation and Regulations, to be included in a Safety Report specifying the hazards likely to be encountered during construction and the controls required to mitigate risk. This design process requires risk assessment to be undertaken, with such assessment being dependent upon factors relating to likelihood of occurrence and consequences of damage to property and to life. This, in turn, requires project data and analysis presently beyond the knowledge and project role respectively of DP. DP may be able, however, to assist the client in carrying out a risk assessment of potential hazards contained in the Comments section of this report, as an extension to the current scope of works, if so requested, and provided that suitable additional information is made available to DP. Any such risk assessment would, however, be necessarily restricted to the groundwater components set out in this report and to their application by the project designers to project design, construction, maintenance and demolition.

Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions on this matter.

Yours faithfully Douglas Partners Pty Ltd

Kurt Plambeck Senior Associate

PP

Reviewed by

John Russell Senior Associate



Attachments: Notes About this Report Drawing 1 Field Notes Results of Laboratory Analysis, Tables 6 - 15 Certified Laboratory Reports, Chain of Custody Documentation and Sample Receipt Advice



#### Introduction

These notes have been provided to amplify DP's report in regard to classification methods, field procedures and the comments section. Not all are necessarily relevant to all reports.

DP's reports are based on information gained from limited subsurface excavations and sampling, supplemented by knowledge of local geology and experience. For this reason, they must be regarded as interpretive rather than factual documents, limited to some extent by the scope of information on which they rely.

#### Copyright

This report is the property of Douglas Partners Pty Ltd. The report may only be used for the purpose for which it was commissioned and in accordance with the Conditions of Engagement for the commission supplied at the time of proposal. Unauthorised use of this report in any form whatsoever is prohibited.

#### **Borehole and Test Pit Logs**

The borehole and test pit logs presented in this report are an engineering and/or geological interpretation of the subsurface conditions, and their reliability will depend to some extent on frequency of sampling and the method of drilling or excavation. Ideally, continuous undisturbed sampling or core drilling will provide the most reliable assessment, but this is not always practicable or possible to justify on economic grounds. In any case the boreholes and test pits represent only a very small sample of the total subsurface profile.

Interpretation of the information and its application to design and construction should therefore take into account the spacing of boreholes or pits, the frequency of sampling, and the possibility of other than 'straight line' variations between the test locations.

#### Groundwater

Where groundwater levels are measured in boreholes there are several potential problems, namely:

 In low permeability soils groundwater may enter the hole very slowly or perhaps not at all during the time the hole is left open;

- A localised, perched water table may lead to an erroneous indication of the true water table;
- Water table levels will vary from time to time with seasons or recent weather changes. They may not be the same at the time of construction as are indicated in the report; and
- The use of water or mud as a drilling fluid will mask any groundwater inflow. Water has to be blown out of the hole and drilling mud must first be washed out of the hole if water measurements are to be made.

More reliable measurements can be made by installing standpipes which are read at intervals over several days, or perhaps weeks for low permeability soils. Piezometers, sealed in a particular stratum, may be advisable in low permeability soils or where there may be interference from a perched water table.

#### Reports

The report has been prepared by qualified personnel, is based on the information obtained from field and laboratory testing, and has been undertaken to current engineering standards of interpretation and analysis. Where the report has been prepared for a specific design proposal, the information and interpretation may not be relevant if the design proposal is changed. If this happens, DP will be pleased to review the report and the sufficiency of the investigation work.

Every care is taken with the report as it relates to interpretation of subsurface conditions, discussion of geotechnical and environmental aspects, and recommendations or suggestions for design and construction. However, DP cannot always anticipate or assume responsibility for:

- Unexpected variations in ground conditions. The potential for this will depend partly on borehole or pit spacing and sampling frequency;
- Changes in policy or interpretations of policy by statutory authorities; or
- The actions of contractors responding to commercial pressures.

If these occur, DP will be pleased to assist with investigations or advice to resolve the matter.

## About this Report

#### **Site Anomalies**

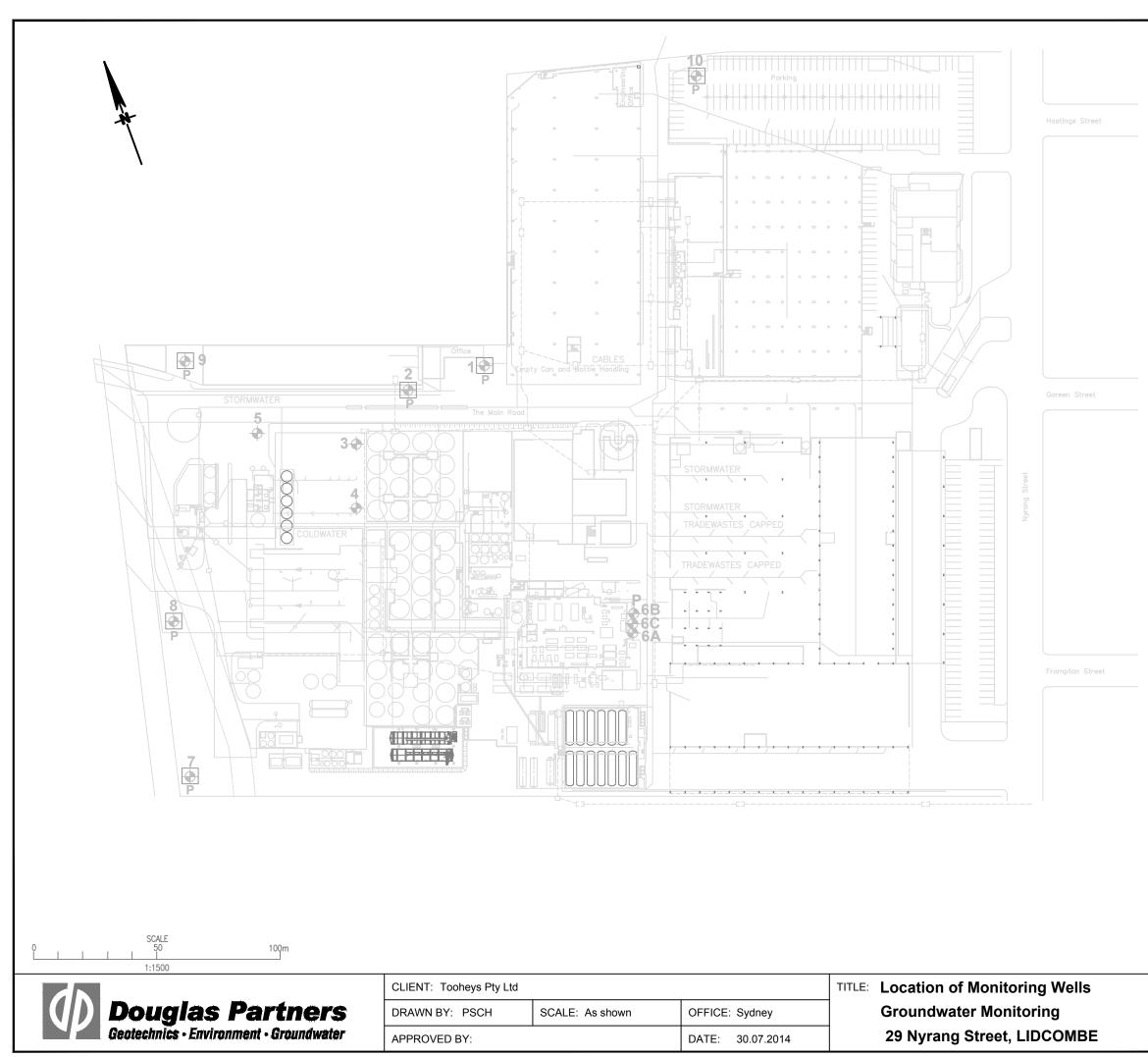
In the event that conditions encountered on site during construction appear to vary from those which were expected from the information contained in the report, DP requests that it be immediately notified. Most problems are much more readily resolved when conditions are exposed rather than at some later stage, well after the event.

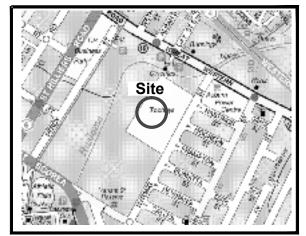
#### **Information for Contractual Purposes**

Where information obtained from this report is provided for tendering purposes, it is recommended that all information, including the written report and discussion, be made available. In circumstances where the discussion or comments section is not relevant to the contractual situation, it may be appropriate to prepare a specially edited document. DP would be pleased to assist in this regard and/or to make additional report copies available for contract purposes at a nominal charge.

#### **Site Inspection**

The company will always be pleased to provide engineering inspection services for geotechnical and environmental aspects of work to which this report is related. This could range from a site visit to confirm that conditions exposed are as expected, to full time engineering presence on site.





Locality Plan

## LEGEND

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	P	7
	F	)

Test Bore Location

- Piezometer
- Monitoring Well

PROJECT No:	71021.08
DRAWING No:	1
REVISION:	0

# Geotechnics / Environment / Groundwater

Project and Bore Installation	Details					
Bore / Standpipe ID:	BH1					
Project Name:	Tooheys Augu	ist 2018 Monit	orina			
Project Number:	71021.14				_	
Site Location:		eet, Lidcombe				
Bore RL	6.5 m AHD	COLL FROMMER				
Bore Easting:	0.0 0170.05		Northing:			
Installation Date:	24-Oct-16		proceeding.			
the state is a finite of the state of the st	24-00-10	m hal				
GW Level (during drilling):	110	m bgl				
Well Depth:	14.2	m bgl				
Screened Interval:	2.0-14.2	m bgl				
Contaminants/Comments:						
Bore Development Details						
Date/Time:	Wednesday 2	8 August 2019	Claus	y dre	ē	
Purged By:	MMIA	0		10		
GW Level (pre-purge):	2.651	m bgl		V		
GW Level (post-purge):	3.2.	m bgl	www.com			
PSH observed:	Yes / No (	interface/visua	I), ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	14 20	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	MONTH?	LILIT				
Total Volume Purged:	250	- 11.1				
Equipment:	12 Volt pump	-5				
	the second state and state and the second state of					
Micropurge and Sampling D		0.000		201		
Date/Time:	Thursday 29.4	August 2019	1 . 9 . 1	64		
Sampled By:	Mr					
Weather Conditions:	Cleyr	+ Simar				
GW Level (pre-purge):	265	m bgl /				
GW Level (post sample):	Contraction and	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No? (	interface/visua	l). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	1455	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	NG.	L				
Total Volume Purged:	× 1	L				
Equipment:	peristaltic pun	np and TPS m	ultimeter			
			y Parameters			
Time / Volume	Temp (°C)	DO (mg/L)	EC (juS or mS/cm)	pH	Turbidity	Redox (mV)
Stabilisation Criteria (3 readings)	0.1°C	+/- 0.3 mg/L	+/- 3%	+/- 0.1	+/- 10%	+/- 10 mV
104/110 11-1	1	14:0	1890	1997	1. 10.10	1,000
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141.30 0-9	20-2	71.9	1807	6.26		- 33
7049.00 1.1	10-1	18-4	19944	1 45		- 32
				ille (e		19.20
Additional Readings Following	DO % Sat	SPC	TDS		-	
stabilisation:	500 10 001					
oran moderor in	1	Samel	Details		1	
Sampling Death (actionale)		the second se	15A 3/4			
Sampling Depth (rationale):	1.51	m bgl,	A 14			
Sample Appearance (e.g.	[In-					
colour, siltiness, odour):	King					
Sample ID:	D41					
QA/QC Samples:	NIIL	1				
Winter a Manual Photo Statistics of the state	200000 20 2			OMENN ING	100.00000000000000000000000000000000000	
Sampling Containers and filtration:	500mL glass,	2x 40mL glass	s vials (HCI), 1x	100mL plasti	c (HNO3 (filter	ed)

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## Groundwater Field Sheet

Project and Bore Installation	n Details					
Bore / Standpipe ID:	BH2					
Project Name:	and the second se	st 2018 Monit	orion			
	71021.14	151 20 TO MONIN	anng			
Project Number:	in the second second second in the second seco	ant Lidnamha				
Site Location:	6.2 m AHD	eet, Lidcombe				
Bore RL	0.2 m AHD		Al all loss			
Bore Easting:			Northing:			
Installation Date:	20-Oct-16					
GW Level (during drilling):		m bgl				
Well Depth:	14.5	m bgl				
Screened Interval:	2.0-14.5	m bgl				
Contaminants/Comments:						
Bore Development Details						
Date/Time:	Wednesday 2	8 August 2019				
Purged By:	ØsatJ?èng	1DO IN	NH			
GW Level (pre-purge):	2.45	m bgl	er (			
GW Level (post-purge):	13.6	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No (	interface/visua	I). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	14.05	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	25.57	LV3 × 1	rte			
Total Volume Purged:	150	1				
Equipment:	12 Volt pump	NATE:				
Micropurge and Sampling D						
Date/Time:	Thursday 297	Unuet 2010	. 7.	9-19		
and the local state of the local		August 2018	6	x = c + 1		
Sampled By:	Lisa Teng	2.62.64				
Weather Conditions:	GARIN					
GW Level (pre-purge):	6.0	m bgl				
GW Level (post sample):	2.9	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No! (	interface/visua	I). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	14:05	m bgl	and the state of the state of the			
Estimated Bore Volume:		L				
Total Volume Purged:	1 104	L				
Equipment:	peristaltic pur	np and TPS m				
		Water Qualit	y Parameters	i		
Time / Volume	Temp (°C)	DO (mg/L)	EC (µS or mS/cm)	pН	Turbidity	Redox (mV)
Stabilisation Criteria (3 readings)	648.0	+/- 0.3 mg/L	#/- 3%	+/- 0.1	+/- 10%	+/- 10 mV
arginitiamente criteria (a reaninga)	0.1°C		and the second se	1 7 7 7		1 1 1 1
0956 Dil	203	457	10.59	546		- 4
0956 0:1	203	45.7	1112	664		
0456 0:1	203	201	10.17	6.64		-1
0956 0:1 0459 6-3 08951000 0 9	203	45.7	10.77	6.7		
0956 0:1 0459 0-3 0951000 0 4 1002 0.5	203 7=5 203 203	45 7	10.17	6.69		
0956 0:1 0459 0:3 0051000 0 4 1002 0:5 1004 0:4	203 745 203 203 203	450744	10.17	6.69		
0956 0:1 0459 6-3 0051000 0 4 1002 0.5 1002 0.5	203 7*5 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	45 7	10.17	6.69		
0956 0:1 0457 6-3 0951000 0 4 1002 0.5 1002 0.5 1005 0.8	203 725 203 203 210 210 210 210	45.01 724+0927 724+0927	10.17	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		
0956 0:1 0957 6-3 0957000 0 9 1002 0.5 1004 0 7 1006 0 1004 1 2 -	203 7 - 5 203 203 210 210 210 210 211	45.01.744.09	10.17	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0956 0:1 0957 0-3 0957000 0 9 1002 0.5 1005 0.8 1006 10 1007 1.2 - 1003 1.5	203 785 203 203 210 210 210 210 211 211 211 211	45.07	10.77 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.92 1.20 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		
0956 0:1 0459 0-3 0951020 0 4 1002 0.5 1004 0-7 1005 0-8 1006 10 1007 1.2 - 1009 1.5 1009 1.5	203 725 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211	45.07 76+137 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 20	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.28 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0956 0-1 0459 6-3 09951020 0-9 1002 0-5 1005 0-8 1006 10 1009 1-2 - 1009 1-5 1009 1-5 1009 1-5 1009 1-5	203 703 203 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.07	10.77 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.92 1.20 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0956 0:1 0457 0-3 0051000 0.4 1002 0.5 1005 0-8 1006 10 1007 1.2 - 1001 1.5 1009 1.5	203 725 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 76.7 37.7 37.7 37.7 27.7 20.7 20.7 16.9 spc	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0956 0:1 0457 6-3 0957000 0 4 1002 0:5 1005 0:8 1006 10 1009 1.2 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5	203 703 203 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 7.6.7 3.4.4 3.5.3 2.8.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7 2.7.7  	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.28 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0456 0:1 0457 6-3 0957000 0 4 1005 0 9 1006 10 1009 1.2 1009 1.5 1009 1.5 1.5 1009 1.5 1009 1.5	203 703 203 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 76.7 37.7 37.7 37.7 27.7 20.7 20.7 16.9 spc	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
095601 095700009 1005009 1005009 1005009 1005009 100500 100912 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009150 1009100 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 1009000 10090000000000	203 703 203 203 203 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 7.6.7 3.4.4 3.5.3 2.8.7 2.7	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0456 0:1 0457 6-3 0951000 0 4 1005 0 5 1005 0 5 1006 0 1001 1 2 - 1001 1 5 1009 10 1009 10 1009 100 1000 1000000000000000000000000	203 703 203 203 203 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 7.6.7 3.4.4 3.5.3 2.8.7 2.7	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0456 0:1 0457 6-3 0457 6-3 0457 6-3 0457 6-3 1005 0-4 1005 0-8 1006 10 1001 1-5 1001 1-5 1005 0-8 1005 0-	203 7=5 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 36.7 37.9 37.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 20.7 76.9 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		-1-245
0456       01         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         1005       0-4         1005       0-8         1004       1-2         1005       1-5         1004       1-2         1005       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1005       1-5         1004       1-5         105       1-5         1004       1-5         105       1-5         105       1-5         105       1-5	203 7=5 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 7.6.7 3.4.4 3.5.3 2.8.7 2.7	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		21-245
0455       045         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         1005       0-4         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       15         (004       1-3         Additional Readings Following stabilisation:         Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, sittiness, odour):         Sample ID:         QA/QC Samples:         Sampling Containers and	203 703 203 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 34.7 34.4 35.3 28.7 27.4 20.7 76.4 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	10-17 11-94 11-29 1-72 1-72 1-72 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69		-1 -2 
0456 0:1 0457 6-3 0057000 0 9 1002 0 5 1005 0 9 1006 0 1009 1 2 - 1009 1 5 Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g.	203 703 203 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 34.7 34.4 35.3 28.7 27.4 20.7 76.4 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	10.17 11.94 11.28 1.57 1.57 1.72 1.20 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69	c (HNO3 (filter)	-1 -2 
0456       01         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         0457       0-3         1005       0-4         1005       0-5         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1005       10         1004       1-2         1004       1-2         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1004       1-5         1005       1-5         1004       1-5         1005       1-5         1004       1-5         105       1-5         1004       1-5         105       1-5	203 703 203 203 210 210 210 211 211 211 211 211 211 211	45.7 34.7 34.4 35.3 28.7 27.4 20.7 76.4 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	10-17 11-94 11-29 1-72 1-72 1-72 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0 12-0	6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69 6.69	c (HNO3 (filter)	-1 -2 

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# Douglas Partners

Project and Bore Installation	Details					
Bore / Standpipe ID:	BH7					
Project Name:		ust 2018 Monite	pring			
Project Number:	71021.14		staria.			
Site Location:	and the second se	eet, Lidcombe				
Bore RL	6.4 m AHD	bot, Elsoutribe				
Bore Easting:	C.F. III PUID		Northing:			
Installation Date:	7-Dec-16		rapiting.			
GW Level (during drilling):	24	m bgl				
Well Depth:	6.5	m bgl			_	
Screened Interval:	1.5-6.5	m bgl				
Contaminants/Comments:	and the second se		requires peristaltin	- PLUMP		
Bore Development Details	Toerio in pipe -	- development i	equires personal	2 points		
Date/Time:	Wednesday 2	8 August 2019	= Marder	+ 1.0	101	
Purged By:	Lise Teng-	2272	+ A melia	Dan	and the second se	
and the second state of the second seco		m bgl	+ /1/mel/a	Ven	(	
GW Level (pre-purge):	02-7-	and the second se				
GW Level (post-purge):		m bgl interface/visua	0.2 mm think			
PSH observed:	Yes / No/	Construction and the second statements of the	I). 7 mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	5.4	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	7.4	L				
Total Volume Purged:	0	L /2 /				
Equipment:	12 Volt pump	, Peci Pi	ump:			
Micropurge and Sampling D			- Andrew	1	29 220	
Date/Time:	Thursday 29	August 2019	- 10000	usil	-9/4	
Sampled By:	Lisa Teng	MM		1		
Weather Conditions:	C. Par.	+ Esna	1			
GW Level (pre-purge):	4.68	m bgl	L			
GW Level (post sample):	51	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No	Interface/visua	I). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	5.4	m bgl	A			
Estimated Bore Volume:	8.4	L				
Total Volume Purged:	0/4	L				
Equipment:	peristaltic pur	np and TPS mi				
01/203	Q	and the second se	y Parameters		×	
Time / Volume	Temp (°C)	DO (mg/L)	EC (µS or mS(cm)	pH	Turbidity	Redax (mV)
Stabilisation Criteria (3 readings)	0.1 °C	+/- 0.3 mg/L	+/- 3%	+/- 0.1	+/- 10%	+/- 10 mV
		1				
		-				
	/					
/						
1						
1						
						2
Additional Readings Following	DO % Sat	SPC	TOS			
stabilisation:						
		Sample	Details			_
Sampling Depth (rationale):	50		- d -			
Sample Appearance (e.g.						
colour, siltiness, odour):	Slig	they silt	5			
Sample ID:	BUT					
QA/QC Samples:	AULT					
Sampling Containers and	1010-0	NAL AND A DESCRIPTION	+17.77.274.274.17 and 17			22.51
filtration:	500mL glass.	2x 40mL glass	vials (HCI) , 1x	100mL plast	ic (HNO3 (filtere	ed)
		in the rest of the party of				Y
Comments / Observations:	1 LAS Mices	el este	t. talu pa	and a lot	Alual 13	E her Min
werthing in were required.	1111.3.001.11.2.4	and the second sec	THE REPORT FOR A	The Physics of the second seco		

# Douglas Partners Geotechnics / Environment / Groundwater

Project and Bore Installation	n Details					
Bore / Standpipe ID:	BH8					
Project Name:	Tooheys Aug	ust 2018 Monite	oring	-		
Project Number:	71021.14					
Site Location:		eet, Lidcombe				
Bore RL	6.5 m AHD	COL ENGLATING				
Bore Easting:	U.U.III PEILD		Northing:			
Installation Date:	7-Dec-06		hadarinniğ.			
GW Level (during drilling):	7-080-00	m bgl				
	0.00	the second se				
Well Depth:	8.25	m bgl				
Screened Interval:	2.0-8.25	m bgl				
Contaminants/Comments:						
Bore Development Details						
Date/Time:		8 August 2019			Driblyn	SiNU.
Purged By:		MHFAD	2/m.		10000000	- )
GW Level (pre-purge):	4 65	m bgl				
GW Level (post-purge):	5-2	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No (	interface/visua	I). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	8.25	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	011	L				
Total Volume Purged:	45	L				
Equipment:	12 Volt pump	Super	forester			
Micropurge and Sampling D		, supe	and a feet			
Date/Time:		August 2010				
	Thursday-297	and the local division of the local division				
Sampled By:	Lisa Teng	M				
Weather Conditions:		ESAM				
GW Level (pre-purge):	4-7	m bgl				
GW Level (post sample):	4.850	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes / No? (	interface/visua	I). 7 mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	8.12	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:	15.5	L				
Total Volume Purged:	6	L				
Equipment:	peristaltic pun	np and TPS m	ultimeter			
	and the second second	Water Qualit	y Parameters			
Time / Volume (	Temp (°C)	DO (mg/L)	EC (µS or mS/cm)	pH	Turbidity	Redex (mV)
Stabilisation Criteria (3 readings)	0.1°C	+/- 0.3 mg/L	+/- 3%	+/- 0.1	+(- 10%	+/- 10 mV
22427 10.14.	21	73	10.5	5-29	1 7. 44	
0105 0 5	32.21	01-1	21		-	-1
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PADA 13				6:02		_ (0
		61	1. 1.			1
0912 20	143	3.4	762	6-06		-10
8412 13	143	5.4	114	6-06		-10
9412 13 april 23	143	24	344	6-06		-12
9412 1.5 9412 1.5 9413 1.5 9413 1.5	143	3.4	114	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
9412 1.5 9412 1.5 9413 1.5 9413 1.5	143	24	344	6-06		-12
	143 745 145	3.4	44	6.06		-/2 -/4 -/6
9412 1.5 9412 1.5 9413 1.5 9413 1.5	143 745 145	3.4	44	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
9412 13 9412 13 941 3.9 941 3.9 941 3.9 941 3.9	143 745 145	1000	2144	6.06		-/2 -/4 -/6
Additional Readings Following	143 745 145	SPC	2144	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
Additional Readings Following stabilisation:	143 745 145	SPC Sample	7 1 4 7 4 5 7 7 4 1 7 5 705 705	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale):	14-3 74-5 14-5 14-5	SPC Sample m bgl.	TUS Details	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g.	143 144 145 145 145	SPC Sample	TUS Details	6.06		-/2 -/2
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, siltiness, odour):	143 745 145 145 00450	SPC Sample m bgl.	TUS Details	6.06		-/2 -/2
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, sittiness, odour): Sample ID:	6 Clev (	SPC Sample m bgl.	TUS Details	6.06		-/2 -/2 -/6
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, sittiness, odour): Sample ID: DA/QC Samples:	143 745 145 145 00450	SPC Sample m bgl.	TUS Details	6.06		-/2 -/2
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, sittiness, odour):	6 Clev 6 1413 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1	SPC Sample m bgl. µ	TUS Details	6-06 6-71 6-03 6-03	c (HNO3 (filtere	-12 -13 -15
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, sittiness, odour): Sample ID: QA/QC Samples: Sampling Containers and	6 Clev 6 1413 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1	SPC Sample m bgl. µ	7 1 4 7 1 4 1 4 7 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6-06 6-71 6-03 6-03	c (HNO3 (filtere	-12 -13 -15

## Douglas Partners Geotechnics / Environment / Groundwater 1

n Details					
BH9			15		
Tooheys Augu	ist 2018 Monit	oring	1. The P at	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
71021.14					
and the second se	est, Lidcombe	1			
	and manufactures				
0.0 m / m D		Northing:			
7 December 3	0016	Tradition Br			
7 December 2	And the other states and the states of the s				
0.0	and the second se				
	the second se				
1.5-6.5	m bgl				
Hisa Teng /	MALde	A Day	1/		
42		1	p. t.		
	m bgl			1 1	
		I), 7 mm thick	S.//	Stan	21
6.6	the first of the second state in the second state of the		2017	1	
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130	1				
12 Valterume	Sunt- d	2.00			
Tra voir pump	1200 4	wole~			
	0000	0.010	1		
		F 1.1a	1		
Lisa Teng	nh				
THE	m bgl				
4.65	m bgl				
Yes / No (	interface/visua	al). 7 mm thick			
6.55	m bgl				
0175	L				
5	L				
peristaltic pur	p and TPS m	ultimeter			
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACT					
Temp (°C)	CONTRACTOR INTERCORD	Contraction of the second s	pH	Turbidity	Redox (mV)
	and the second se	And and a state of the state of	+6.0.1	the second se	+/- 10 mV
	and the second se	and the second se	11.1.2-2		-/-
- Andrew	617		- b - e		- 1-7
1 1	120		13		14
203	and the second s		and the second second		TT
21.9	11°G	12-22	2-41	-	-16
					0.000
DO % Sat	SPC	TDS	-		
	Sample	Details			
1 6					
211	m ugi,	10.081			
5,94					
0.1.0					
Blag					
Blach					
Mu				VIDEA IN	-0
Mu	2x 40mL glass	s vials (HCI) , 1x	100mL plasti	c (HNO3 (filter	ed)
Mu	2x 40mL glas	s vials (HCI) , 1x	100mL plasti	c (HNO3 (filter	ed)
	BH9 Tooheys Augu 71021.14 29 Nymag Str 6.0 m, AHD 7 December 2 6.5 1.5-6.5 Wednesday 27 Hist Tang / 4-2 5-88 Yes / 60 12.7 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 Lise Teng / 12.7 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 Lise Teng / 12.7 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 Lise Teng / 12.7 12 Volt pump etails Thursday 29.5 12 Volt pump etails DO % Sat	Details         BH9         Tooheys August 2018 Monit         71021.14         29 Nymag Street, Lidcombe         6.0 m, AHD         7 December 20016         m bgl         6.5 m bgl         1.5-6.5 m bgl         Yes / Pop (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.2 Volt pump , Super 4         Yes / Pop (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.2 Volt pump , Super 4         Yes / No (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.2 Volt pump , Super 4         Yes / No (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.2 Volt pump , Super 4         Yes / No (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.2 Volt pump and TPS m         Yes / No (Interface/visual 6.6 m bgl         1.7 L         5 L         peristaltic pump and TPS m         Water Qualit         Temp (°C)       D0 (mg/L)         0.1° C       +/-0.3 mg/L         1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1	Details           BH9           Tooheys August 2018 Monitoring           71021.14           29 Nymag Street, Lidcombe           6.0 m, AHD           Northing:           7 December 20016           m bgl           6.5 m bgl           1.5-6.5 m bgl           1.5-6.5 m bgl           1.5-6.5 m bgl           Wednesday 28 August 2019           Hisd Temp           MMU ALC           A           Morthing:           7 December 20016           m bgl           1.5-6.5 m bgl           Yes           Y	BH9       Tooheys August 2018 Monitoring         71021.14       29 Nymag Street, Lidcombe         6.0 m, AHD       [Northing:         7 December 20016       m bgl         6.5 m bgl       1.5-6.5 m bgl         1.5-6.5 m bgl       1.5-6.5 m bgl         Wednesday 28 August 2019       1.1.1         Yes       / Mutual C       A. D Cont         Yes       / Mutual C       Yes         Yes       / Mutual C       Yes         Yes	BH9         Tooheys August 2018 Monitoring         71021.14         29 Nymag Strest, Lidcombe         6.0 m, AHD         Northing:         7 December 20016         m bgl         6.5 m bgl         1.5-6.5 m bgl         1.5-6.5 m bgl         Wednesday 28 August 2019         Wednesday 28 August 2019         Yes / BQ (interface/visual). ? mm thick         5 8 m bgl         Yes / BQ (interface/visual). ? mm thick         5 6 m bgl         Yes / No (interface/visual). ? mm thick         5 6 m bgl         Yes / No (interface/visual). ? mm thick         6 6 m bgl         Yes / No (interface/visual). ? mm thick         6 7 m bgl         Yes / No (interface/visual). ? mm thick         6 7 m bgl         Yes / No (interface/visual). ? mm thick         6 7 m bgl         7 1 1 L         1 1 2 0 0 (mg/L)         5 m bgl         9 1 1 1 5 L         1 1 2 1 5 L         1 1 2 1 5 L         1 1 4 1 2 4 5 C L         1 5 1 1 4 1 2 4 5 C L         1 6 4 7 1 1 4 1 2 4 5 C L T         1 6 4 7 1 1 4 1 2 4 5 C L T         1 6 4 7 1 1 4 1 2 4 5 C L T

# Douglas Partners

## Groundwater Field Sheet

Project and Bore Installation	Details					
Bore / Standpipe ID:	BH10					
Project Name:	and the second se	ust 2018 Monit	orino			
the second se	71021.14	151 20 10 MOREL	urang			
Project Number: Site Location:	TO DEPENDENT OF DEPENDENT	eet, Lidcombe				
		eet, Lidcombe				
Bore RL	5.1 m AHD		1.2			
Bore Easting:			Northing:			
Installation Date:	7-Dec-06					
GW Level (during drilling):		m bgl				
Well Depth:	5	m bgi				
Screened Interval:	1.5-5.0	m bgl				
Contaminants/Comments:						
Bore Development Details						
Date/Time:	Wednesday 2	8 August 2019	)			
Purged By:	and the second se	MMM				
GW Level (pre-purge):	1	m bgl				
GW Level (post-purge):	DRA	m bgl				
PSH observed:			al). ? mm thick			
Observed Weil Depth:	62	m bgl	and a most chose			
Estimated Bore Volume:	Li	L				
Total Volume Purged:	12					
the second se	13 Vall auma					
Equipment:	12 Volt pump					
Micropurge and Sampling D	Contract of the local data and t			14		
Date/Time:	Thursday 29 /	and the second se	5 4.1	7		
Sampled By:	Lisa Teng	MH .		1000		
Weather Conditions:	Claer		sice actus	K.		
GW Level (pre-purge):	35	m bģl		- S.		
GW Level (post sample):	4.0	m bgl				
PSH observed:	Yes //No/	interface/visua	al). ? mm thick			
Observed Well Depth:	55	m bgl				
Estimated Bore Volume:		L				
Total Volume Purged:	5	L				
Equipment:	peristaltic pur	np and TPS m	ultimeter			
			y Parameters			
Time / Volume	Temp (*C)	DO (mg/L)	EC (uS or mS/cm)	pH	Turbidity	Redox (mV)
Stabilisation Criteria (3 readings)	0.1°C	+/- 0.3 mg/L	+/- 3%	+/- 0.1	+/- 10%	+/- 10 mV
		U77.	the second s		- 10%	T/- 10 m V
17						
1 22 6	203		5 54	7-17		5
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		50
1 22 6			and the second se	712		500
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		しょう
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		しんちょう
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		
139 63	20.3	479	5 29	7/2		
	20-3	439	5 29	7/2		
Additional Readings Following	20-3 20-2 D0%8#	479	5 29	7/2		
	20-3	439 439	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation:	20-3 2 0-2 DO%Sat 579	439 439 sec Sample	5 29	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation:	20-3 2 0-2 DONSE 52-9 4-0	439 439	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g.	20-3 2 0-2 DONSE 52-9 4-0	439 439 sec Sample	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, siltiness, odour):	20-3 20-2 DONSE SZ-9 40 Clar	439 439 sec Sample	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, siltiness, odour): Sample ID:	20-3 20-2 20-2 DONSA SL-9 Clav BUIO	439 439 sec Sample	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, siltiness, odour): Sample ID: QA/QC Samples:	20-3 20-2 DONSE SZ-9 40 Clar	439 439 sec Sample	5 29 9 14 TDS	7/2		
Additional Readings Following stabilisation: Sampling Depth (rationale): Sample Appearance (e.g. colour, siltiness, odour): Sample ID: QA/QC Samples: Sampling Containers and	20-3 20-2 20-2 DONSE SL-9 Clav BU10 AVILI	439 439 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	5 29 9 14 TDS	7 1/2	c (HNO3 (filtere	5 3 3 xd)
Additional Readings Following	20-3 20-2 20-2 DONSE SL-9 Clav BU10 AVILI	439 439 sec <u>Sample</u> m bgl,	TDS 2 Details	7 1/2	c (HNO3 (filtere	5 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

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## Table 6: Results of Laboratory Analysis in July 2014 (µg/L)

Well	Hardness				Heav	y Metals	S <sup>1</sup>				TRH	Banzana	Toluene	Ethyl-	Total
wen	(mg CaCO₃ /L)	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>36</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylene
1	130	<1	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	4	82	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
<sup>2</sup> BD1/ 180714		<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	3	74	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	890	<1	0.2	<1	4	<1	<0.05	9	110	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	100	<1	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	6	28	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	1900	<1	0.2	<1	3	<1	<0.05	4	18	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	350	<1	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	2	18	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	380	<1	<0.1	<1	4	<1	<0.05	6	24	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
TS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101%	104%	102%	105% <sup>4</sup>
ТВ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<1	<1	<1	<3
	GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10	250	950	180	80	550

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene

5 <u>After silica</u> gel clean-up

bold

exceeds GIL



	Hardness				Hea	vy Metal	s <sup>1</sup>			т	RH			Etherd	Total
Well	(mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> /L)	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylene
1	670	2	<0.1	<1	4	<1	<0.05	7	55	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
<sup>2</sup> BD1/ 301015		2	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	1	19	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	1000	<1	0.2	<1	2	<1	<0.05	10	50	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	180	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	6	14	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	2300	<1	0.7	<1	4	<1	<0.05	4	17	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	420	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	7	36	<10	<250	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	160	5	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	9	8	<10	520	<1	<1	<1	<3
TS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81%	92%	98%	104% <sup>4</sup>
ТВ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<10	-	<1	<1	<1	<3
GIL		13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10	250	950	180	80	550

## Table 7: Results of Laboratory Analysis in October 2015 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



## Table 8: Results of Laboratory Analysis in January 2016 (µg/L)

	Hardness				Hea	vy Metals	1				TRH				Ethyd	
Well	(mg CaCO₃ /L)	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>36</sub>	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylene
1	360	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	<1	12	<10	<250	66	<1	<1	<1	<3
<sup>2</sup> BD1/ 180714		2	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	<1	15	<10	<250	79	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	720	<1	0.2	<1	3	<1	<0.05	14	120	<10	<250	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	110	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	8	13	<10	<250	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	1900	<1	0.3	<1	4	<1	<0.05	4	18	<10	<250	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	480	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	5	43	<10	<250	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	170	4	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	2	5	<10	<250	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
TS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94%	95%	92%	93% <sup>4</sup>
ТВ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<10	-	-	<1	<1	<1	<3
(	GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10	250	50	950	180	80	550

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



				Hear	vy Metals	1						TRH				Ethyl-	Total
Well	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C36	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylene
1	1	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	4	28	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	0.2	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	5	20	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	6	1	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	0.5	<1	6	<1	<0.05	4	14	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	8	38	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1	<1	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	8	34	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	3	<0.1	<1	7	<1	<0.05	50	150	<10	<50	220	<100	98	<1	<1	<1	<3
GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10		250		50	950	180	80	550

### Table 9: Results of Laboratory Analysis in January / February 2017 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



Well				Hear	vy Metals	1						TRH		Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl-	Total
wen	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C36	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Delizelle	Toluelle	benzene	Xylene
1	2	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	10	90	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1	2	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	11	92	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	5	38	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	8	2	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	<0.1	<1	4	<1	<0.05	4	16	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	1	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	7	42	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	2	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	4	33	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10		250		50	950	180	80	550

### Table 10: Results of Laboratory Analysis in March 2017 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



Well				Hear	vy Metals	1						TRH		Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl-	Total
wen	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C36	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Denzene	Toluelle	benzene	Xylene
1	1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	5	19	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	4	12	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	4	13	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	9	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	17	19	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	1	<1	27	<1	<0.05	4	20	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	5	<0.1	<1	4	<1	<0.05	30	420	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	5	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	16	44	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10		250		50	950	180	80	550

#### Table 11: Results of Laboratory Analysis in August 2017 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



Well				Heav	y Metals <sup>1</sup>							TRH		Banzana	Toluene	Ethyl-	Total
vven	As	Cd	Cr <sup>3</sup>	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C36	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylene
1	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	2	10	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	3	6	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1/15 112017	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	3	5	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	17	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	24	69	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	0.4	<1	11	<1	<0.05	3	14	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	7	82	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	3	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	3	12	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
GIL	13	3.5	14.1	21.7	205	0.6	171	124.3	10		250		50	950	180	80	550

### Table 12: Results of Laboratory Analysis in November 2017 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 Heavy metals thresholds adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

2 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

3 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

4 (m+p)+o xylene



				Неа	vy Metals <sup>2</sup>	2						TRH				Ethyd	Total
Well	As	Cd	Cr⁴	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> -C <sub>36</sub>	>C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylene⁵
1	1	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	5	30	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	3	12	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1/20 180828 3	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	3	9	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	11	0.8	<1	4	1	<0.05	77	670	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	1.7	<1	10	<1	<0.05	3	21	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	2	<0.1	<1	5	<1	<0.05	7	110	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	4	<0.1	<1	3	<1	<0.05	8	59	22	190	610	<100	230	8	<1	<1	<3
DGV <sup>1</sup>	13	2.4	33.1	1.4	121.1	0.6	120.2	87.4	10		250		50	950	180	80	550 <sup>5</sup>

#### Table 13: Results of Laboratory Analysis in August 2018 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 DGV from the default guideline values provided in the Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG, August 2018)

2 Heavy metal thresholds are adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

3 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

4 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

5 <u>m+p+o xylene</u>



				Heav	y Metals <sup>2</sup>						TRH					Ethyd	Total
Well	As	Cd	Cr⁴	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	>C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Xylene⁵
1	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	6	45	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	4	19	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1/2018 <sup>3</sup>	<1	<0.1	<1	<1	<1	<0.05	4	16	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	15	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	9	10	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	0.7	<1	5	<1	<0.05	4	24	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	3	<0.1	1	14	<1	<0.05	17	250	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	4	<0.1	<1	6	<1	<0.05	6	30	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
DGV <sup>1</sup>	13	2.4	33.1	1.4	121.1	0.6	120.2	87.4	10		250		50	950	180	80	550⁵

#### Table 14: Results of Laboratory Analysis in November 2018 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 DGV from the default guideline values provided in the Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG, August 2018)

2 Heavy metal thresholds are adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

3 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

4 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

5 <u>m+p+o xylene</u>



				Heav	y Metals <sup>2</sup>						TRH					Ethyd	Total
Well	As	Cd	Cr⁴	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	C <sub>15</sub> -C <sub>28</sub>	C <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	>C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub>	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylene⁵
1	<1	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	3	69	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
2	<1	0.2	<1	2	<1	<0.05	4	16	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
BD1/ 20190902 <sup>3</sup>	<1	0.2	<1	2	<1	<0.05	4	19	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
7	42	<0.1	<1	1	<1	<0.05	22	14	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
8	<1	0.8	<1	8	<1	<0.05	4	16	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
9	3	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	3	39	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
10	3	<0.1	<1	2	<1	<0.05	22	34	<10	<50	<100	<100	<50	<1	<1	<1	<3
DGV <sup>1</sup>	13	2.4	33.1	1.4	121.1	0.6	120.2	87.4	10		250		50	950	180	80	550⁵

#### Table 15: Results of Laboratory Analysis in August / September 2019 (µg/L)

Notes:

1 DGV from the default guideline values provided in the Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality (ANZG, August 2018)

2 Heavy metal thresholds are adjusted for a hardness of 500 mg/L

3 Field replicate of sample listed immediately above

4 All chromium are assumed to exist in the stable Cr(III) oxidation state, as Cr(VI) will be too reactive and unstable under the normal environment.

5 <u>m+p+o xylene</u>



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

## **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 225345**

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd
Attention	Kurt Plambeck, Lisa Teng
Address	96 Hermitage Rd, West Ryde, NSW, 2114

Sample Details	
Your Reference	<u>71021.14, Tooheys</u>
Number of Samples	9 Water
Date samples received	03/09/2019
Date completed instructions received	03/09/2019

## **Analysis Details**

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Please refer to the last page of this report for any comments relating to the results.

Report Details						
Date results requested by	10/09/2019					
Date of Issue	10/09/2019					
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.						
Accredited for compliance with	O/IEC 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *					

Results Approved By Jaimie Loa-Kum-Cheung, Metals Supervisor Steven Luong, Organics Supervisor

#### Authorised By

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager

Envirolab Reference: 225345 Revision No: R00



vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water						
Our Reference		225345-1	225345-2	225345-3	225345-4	225345-5
Your Reference	UNITS	BH1	BH2	BH7	BH8	BH9
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	06/09/2019
Date analysed	-	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	07/09/2019
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>10</sub>	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>10</sub> less BTEX (F1)	µg/L	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Benzene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Toluene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
m+p-xylene	µg/L	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2
o-xylene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Naphthalene	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%	106	100	99	99	100
Surrogate toluene-d8	%	99	97	99	98	99
Surrogate 4-BFB	%	106	104	109	110	107
vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water						l
Our Reference		225345-6	225345-7	225345-8	225345-9	
Your Reference	UNITS	BH10	BD1/20190828	Spike	Blank	
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	
Date extracted	-	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	06/09/2019	
Date analysed	-	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	07/09/2019	
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	µg/L	<10	<10	[NA]	[NA]	
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>10</sub>	µg/L	<10	<10	[NA]	[NA]	
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>10</sub> less BTEX (F1)	μg/L	<10	<10	[NA]	[NA]	
Benzene	μg/L	<1	<1	110%	<1	
Toluene	μg/L	<1	<1	101%	<1	
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	<1	<1	101%	<1	
m+p-xylene	µg/L	<2	<2	96%	<2	

<1

<1

101

103

105

<1

<1

92

93

111

µg/L

µg/L

%

%

%

103%

101

99

105

<1

99

98

104

o-xylene

Naphthalene

Surrogate toluene-d8

Surrogate 4-BFB

Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane

svTRH (C10-C40) in Water						
Our Reference		225345-1	225345-2	225345-3	225345-4	225345-5
Your Reference	UNITS	BH1	BH2	BH7	BH8	BH9
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date extracted	-	04/09/2019	04/09/2019	04/09/2019	04/09/2019	04/09/2019
Date analysed	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
TRH C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	µg/L	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
TRH C <sub>15</sub> - C <sub>28</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH C <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub>	µg/L	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub> less Naphthalene (F2)	µg/L	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
TRH >C16 - C34	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
TRH >C <sub>34</sub> - C <sub>40</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	94	85	94	97	72

svTRH (C10-C40) in Water			
Our Reference		225345-6	225345-7
Your Reference	UNITS	BH10	BD1/20190828
Type of sample		Water	Water
Date extracted	-	04/09/2019	04/09/2019
Date analysed	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
TRH C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	µg/L	<50	<50
TRH C <sub>15</sub> - C <sub>28</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100
TRH C <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100
TRH >C10 - C16	µg/L	<50	<50
TRH >C10 - C16 less Naphthalene (F2)	µg/L	<50	<50
TRH >C <sub>16</sub> - C <sub>34</sub>	µg/L	<100	<100
TRH >C <sub>34</sub> - C <sub>40</sub>	μg/L	<100	<100
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%	79	79

HM in water - dissolved						
Our Reference		225345-1	225345-2	225345-3	225345-4	225345-5
Your Reference	UNITS	BH1	BH2	BH7	BH8	BH9
Type of sample		Water	Water	Water	Water	Water
Date prepared	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
Date analysed	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
Arsenic-Dissolved	µg/L	<1	<1	42	<1	3
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.8	<0.1
Chromium-Dissolved	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	2	2	1	8	2
Lead-Dissolved	µg/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mercury-Dissolved	µg/L	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel-Dissolved	μg/L	3	4	22	4	3
Zinc-Dissolved	µg/L	69	16	14	16	39

HM in water - dissolved			
Our Reference		225345-6	225345-7
Your Reference	UNITS	BH10	BD1/20190828
Type of sample		Water	Water
Date prepared	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
Date analysed	-	05/09/2019	05/09/2019
Arsenic-Dissolved	µg/L	3	<1
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	<0.1	0.2
Chromium-Dissolved	μg/L	<1	<1
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	2	2
Lead-Dissolved	μg/L	<1	<1
Mercury-Dissolved	μg/L	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel-Dissolved	μg/L	11	4
Zinc-Dissolved	μg/L	34	19

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Metals-021	Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour AAS.
Metals-022	Determination of various metals by ICP-MS.
Org-003	Soil samples are extracted with Dichloromethane/Acetone and waters with Dichloromethane and analysed by GC-FID. F2 = (>C10-C16)-Naphthalene as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (HSLs Tables 1A (3, 4)). Note Naphthalene is determined from the VOC analysis.
Org-013	Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS.
Org-016	Soil samples are extracted with methanol and spiked into water prior to analysing by purge and trap GC-MS. Water samples are analysed directly by purge and trap GC-MS. F1 = (C6-C10)-BTEX as per NEPM B1 Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater.

QUALITY CONTR	ROL: vTRH((	C6-C10)/E	3TEXN in Water			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W1	[NT]
Date extracted	-			06/09/2019	1	06/09/2019	09/09/2019		06/09/2019	
Date analysed	-			07/09/2019	1	07/09/2019	10/09/2019		07/09/2019	
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>9</sub>	μg/L	10	Org-016	<10	1	<10	<10	0	98	
TRH C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>10</sub>	µg/L	10	Org-016	<10	1	<10	<10	0	98	
Benzene	µg/L	1	Org-016	<1	1	<1	<1	0	90	
Toluene	µg/L	1	Org-016	<1	1	<1	<1	0	90	
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	1	Org-016	<1	1	<1	<1	0	102	
m+p-xylene	µg/L	2	Org-016	<2	1	<2	<2	0	103	
o-xylene	µg/L	1	Org-016	<1	1	<1	<1	0	101	
Naphthalene	µg/L	1	Org-013	<1	1	<1	<1	0	[NT]	
Surrogate Dibromofluoromethane	%		Org-016	99	1	106	99	7	100	
Surrogate toluene-d8	%		Org-016	98	1	99	100	1	98	
Surrogate 4-BFB	%		Org-016	105	1	106	105	1	108	

QUALITY CON		Duj	plicate		Spike Re	covery %				
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W2	[NT]
Date extracted	-			04/09/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	04/09/2019	
Date analysed	-			05/09/2019	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	05/09/2019	
TRH C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>14</sub>	µg/L	50	Org-003	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	
TRH C <sub>15</sub> - C <sub>28</sub>	µg/L	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	77	
TRH C <sub>29</sub> - C <sub>36</sub>	µg/L	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	103	
TRH >C <sub>10</sub> - C <sub>16</sub>	µg/L	50	Org-003	<50	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	89	
TRH >C <sub>16</sub> - C <sub>34</sub>	µg/L	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	77	
TRH >C <sub>34</sub> - C <sub>40</sub>	µg/L	100	Org-003	<100	[NT]		[NT]	[NT]	103	
Surrogate o-Terphenyl	%		Org-003	104	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	[NT]	101	[NT]

QUALITY CONTROL: HM in water - dissolved						Du	plicate		Spike Recovery %		
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-W1	225345-2	
Date prepared	-			05/09/2019	1	05/09/2019	05/09/2019		05/09/2019	05/09/2019	
Date analysed	-			05/09/2019	1	05/09/2019	05/09/2019		05/09/2019	05/09/2019	
Arsenic-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	96	99	
Cadmium-Dissolved	µg/L	0.1	Metals-022	<0.1	1	<0.1	<0.1	0	98	92	
Chromium-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	97	93	
Copper-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	2	2	0	100	83	
Lead-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	<1	<1	0	99	87	
Mercury-Dissolved	µg/L	0.05	Metals-021	<0.05	1	<0.05	<0.05	0	99	#	
Nickel-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	3	3	0	96	84	
Zinc-Dissolved	µg/L	1	Metals-022	<1	1	69	70	1	96	87	

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality Control Definitions						
Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.					
Duplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.					
Matrix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.					
LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.					
Surrogate Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.					
Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform Eaecal Enterococci. & E Coli levels are less than						

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

## Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

## **Report Comments**

Amber and metals container received as BH2, no BH1, containers matched with vials to identify missing BH1

8 HM in water - dissolved - # Low spike recovery was obtained for this sample. The sample was re-digested and re-spiked and the low recovery was confirmed. This is due to matrix interferences. However, an acceptable recovery was obtained for the LCS.

## Douglas Partners Geotechnics | Environment | Groundwater

Project No:	71021.14				Suburb: Lidcombe				To: Envirolab					
Project Name:					Order Number				12 Ashley Street, Chatswood				swood	
Project Manager: Kurt Plambeck				Sampler: MH				Attn: Aileen Hie						
Emails:					lisa.teng@douglaspartners.com.au				Phone:					
Date Required:								Email:						
Prior Storage:	🗆 Esky	🗆 🗆 Fridg	ge 🛛 Sh	elved	Do sam	oles contai	n 'potentia	I' HBM?	Yes 🗆	<u>No</u> 🗆 (I	f.YES, the	n handle, İ	ransport and	store in accordance with FPM HAZID)
		oled	Sample Type	Container Type	Analytes						<b>_</b>			
Sampie ID	Lab ID	Date Sampled	Ssoil W - water	G - glass P - plastic	Heavy Metals	TRH	втех	PAH	Total Phenols	Asbestos 500 ml				Notes/preservation
BH1	-1		w		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	X			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	····			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BH2	2		W	G/P	X	X	x							
BH7	3	ž	w	G/P	х	x	X		_				<b></b>	Envirolab Services
BH8	4		w	G/P	х	x	x	,						Environa Services Chatawood NSW 2067
BH9	5		w	GİP	<u> </u>	x	<u>x</u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	Job No: 225345
BH10	6		W.	G/P	X	<u> </u>	<u>_x</u>						<u> </u>	Date Received: 3/4//9
BD <u>1/20180828</u>	7_		<u>_w_</u>	G/P	<u> </u>	X	<u>×</u>							Time Received 15-40
Spike	8	_	w	G/P	-		X		<b> </b>	<u> </u> <u></u> }			<u> </u>	Reseived by: MO Temp: Cool Ambient
Biank	9	_	W	G/P			×			-				Cooling: Ice/Isepack
							<u> </u>							
				_					<u> </u>					
				·		<u> </u>				+ +	<b>k</b> .			
	·													
PQL (S) mg/kg												ANZEC	C PQLs	req'd for all water analytes
PQL = practical					t to Labor	atory Me	thod Dete	ction Lim	it	Lab Re	port/Ref	ference l	No: 7	25345
Metals to Analy				ne: Relli	nguishe	d by:	<u> </u>	Transpo	orted to la	l aboratory l	jy:			
Total number of samples in container:         Relinquished by:         Transport           Send Results to:         Douglas Partners Pty Ltd         Address:							Phone: Fax:							
Signed: Received by: Michael Ovie ELS							- Ti	Date & T	lime: 3	19/19	5:40			



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## SAMPLE RECEIPT ADVICE

Client Details	
Client	Douglas Partners Pty Ltd
Attention	Kurt Plambeck, Lisa Teng

Sample Login Details	
Your reference	71021.14, Tooheys
Envirolab Reference	225345
Date Sample Received	03/09/2019
Date Instructions Received	03/09/2019
Date Results Expected to be Reported	10/09/2019

Sample Condition	
Samples received in appropriate condition for analysis	Yes
No. of Samples Provided	9 Water
Turnaround Time Requested	Standard
Temperature on Receipt (°C)	13.2
Cooling Method	Ice Pack
Sampling Date Provided	Not Provided on the COC

#### Comments

Amber and metals container received as BH2, no BH1, containers matched with vials to identify missing BH1

Please direct any queries to:

Aileen Hie	Jacinta Hurst				
Phone: 02 9910 6200	Phone: 02 9910 6200				
Fax: 02 9910 6201	Fax: 02 9910 6201				
Email: ahie@envirolab.com.au	Email: jhurst@envirolab.com.au				

Analysis Underway, details on the following page:



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

Sample ID	vTRH(C6-C10)/BTEXN in Water	svTRH (C10-C40) in Water	HM in water - dissolved
BH1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
BH2	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
BH7	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
BH8	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
BH9	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
BH10	✓	✓	✓
BD1/20190828	✓	✓	✓
Spike	$\checkmark$		
Blank	✓		

The ' $\checkmark$ ' indicates the testing you have requested. THIS IS NOT A REPORT OF THE RESULTS.

#### **Additional Info**

Sample storage - Waters are routinely disposed of approximately 1 month and soils approximately 2 months from receipt.

Requests for longer term sample storage must be received in writing.

Please contact the laboratory immediately if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis (exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, Total Recoverable metals and PFAS analysis where solids are included by default.

TAT for Micro is dependent on incubation. This varies from 3 to 6 days.